

WICHITA STATE UNIVERSITY

CENTER FOR COMMUNITY SUPPORT AND RESEARCH

Effective Meeting Management: Tips and Tricks of the (Facilitation) Trade

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On a piece of paper, please write down two reasons you chose this session today.

Turn to the person next to you and share the reasons that you are here.





Let's hear a few of those reasons...

We'll do our best to meet your expectations!





Purposes of the Day

Díscuss elements of effective internal and community-wide meetings

Introduce resources and tools to make your meetings more engaging and productive Provide opportunities to practice some of the skills/activities





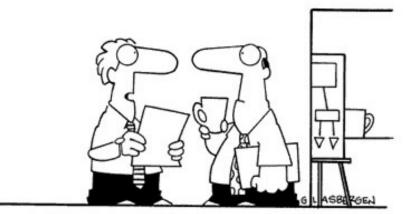


What might be the benefits of this activity?



Give us your worst...

- Think of your worst meeting experiences...
- Pick a different neighbor and share your story
- Why was it the worst?
 - Why is that important to you? (repeat)



"Scientists say that coffee and donuts release chemicals into the brain that create the illusion that meetings are a productive way to get things done."



Lessons Learned from Worst



Is this Elephant in your room?



Give us your best...

What happened? What did you notice, what facts or observations stood out?"

Why is that important? What patterns or conclusions are emerging? What did you believe about the meeting facilitator or convening body?

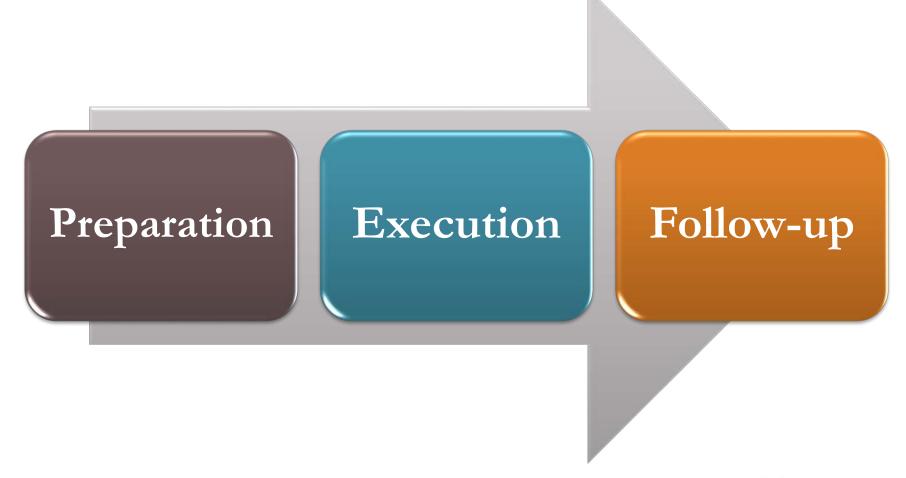
What actions make sense? What will I do differently if I want to emulate that "best" experience?



SO WHAT? NOW WHAT?

WHAT?

Three "Must-have"s for Effective Meetings





Preparation



'Everyone here? Good. Meeting topic: Setting world record for shortest meeting. All in favor say aye. Ayes have it. Meeting over." Ask yourself, "Is a meeting the best way to handle this?"

 Don't have a meeting if the same information could be covered in a memo, email or a brief report





"What is the purpose of the meeting?"

- Answer helps determine who participates
- Do you want a decision/action?
- Do you want to generate ideas?
- Are you getting status reports?
- Are you communicating something?
- Are you making plans?







- Priorities what absolutely must be covered?
- ✓ **Results** what do we need to accomplish?
- Participants who needs to attend for the meeting to be successful?
- Sequence in what order will you cover the topics?
- **Timing** How much time will you spend on each topic?
- ✓ **Date/Time** when will you have the meeting?
- ✓ **Place** where will the meeting take place?





Name of Meeting Location Date & Time

PURPOSE
Purposes of the Day
•
LOGISTICS
Room Arrangement:
•
Supplies/Technology:
•
Handouts:
•

When & Who	What	Slides/Handouts (->) & Notes ()



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Preparation

"What is my role as facilitator for this meeting?"

No matter the role, the facilitator job description also includes:

Neutral? Expert? Leader? Member? Serve the whole group Encourage participation from everyone

Listen intently at multiple levels, reflecting back and clarifying



Execution

- Circulate the agenda in advance so participants are prepared
- Lay down the "ground rules"
- Stick to the agenda and the time allotted for each topic
- Limit "wandering" keep people focused
- Summarize what was said and ask people to confirm

Tips for Running Effective Meetings

Email an ag hours in ad		Arrive 5 minutes	Start and end on tim	e. O
Come prep Share all relevant data.	No Stay on Be b	topic. rief i	phones. No	Bring paper and a pen.
	and co	ncise. s Disagree	ilence = agr without	challenge
No side com or comment		being dis	agreeable	ideas rather than people.
Follow-u	p by em	ail with	in 24 hou	rs. 🖂



Execution

More Tips...

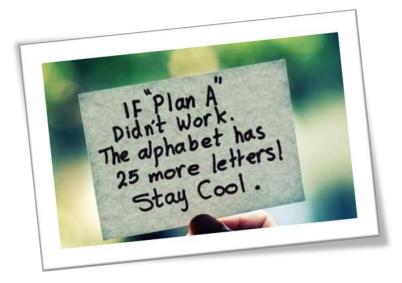
- Limit the length of slide presentations
- "No device" rule take device breaks
- Use questions or a "round robin" approach to draw out quiet participants
- Ask for objections up front and document them
- Ground rules might include "no side conversations" or "those who complain must offer a an alternative"
- Know your audience, including the "troublemakers"
- Mobilize a buddy



Execution

Best Laid Plans...

- Watch body language yours and theirs
- Be responsive to participants' needs
- Time management
- Arrange agenda to maintain energy and flow
- Be prepared to change course (tools help)





Top Ways to "Kill" a Meeting

Strangle ideas Poison progress Hijack the conversation CRIME SCENE - DO NOT CROSS Asphyxia – no oxygen Wandering

(electronic devices) Serial naysayers Plotting Ramblers



CRIME:

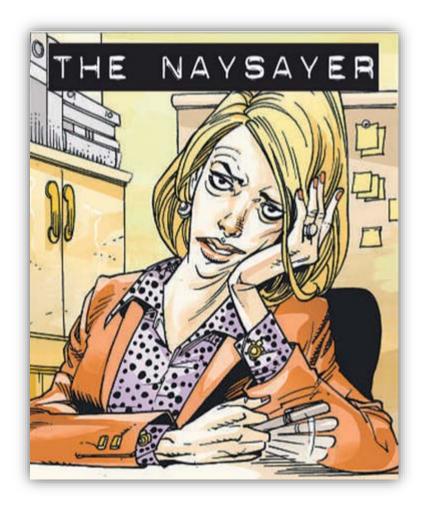
Premeditated negativity

MODUS OPERANDI:

Waits until consensus is almost reached and derails meeting with major objections.

LEVEL:

First Degree Nuisance





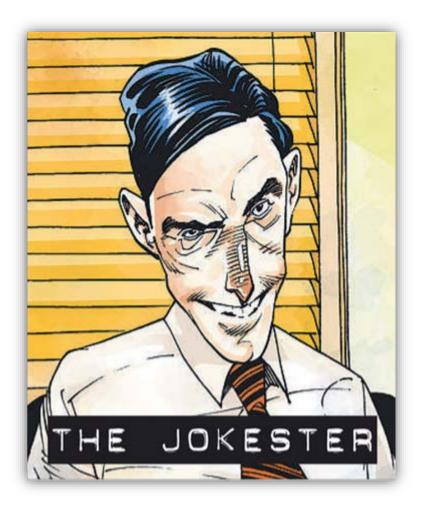
CRIME:

Assault with a deadly punchline **MODUS OPERANDI:**

Cracks jokes – appropriate or not – and awaits response from coworkers.

LEVEL:

Misdemeanor Nuisance





CRIME:

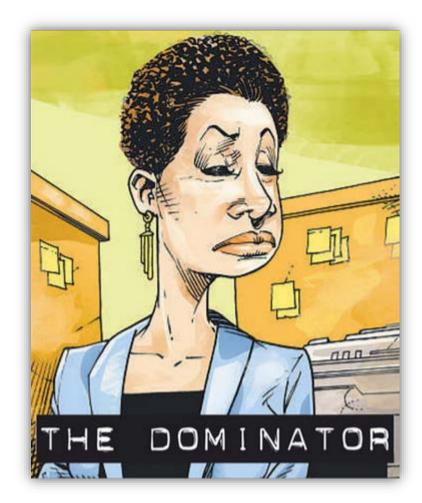
Greatly overestimates value of his/her personal views

MODUS OPERANDI:

Disrupts discussion and induces information overkill.

LEVEL:

First Degree Nuisance





CRIME:

Inflicts death by boredom

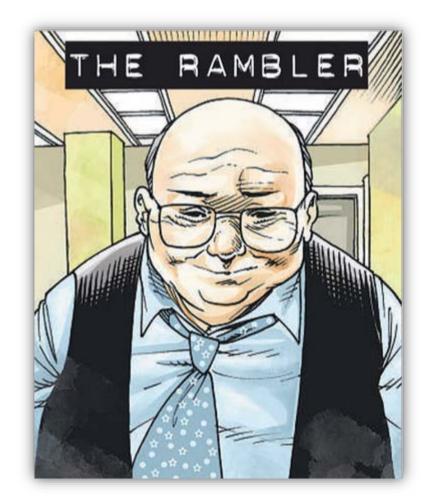
MODUS OPERANDI:

Takes discussions to far-away places so people forget why they're there.

LEVEL:

Second Degree Nuisance







CRIME:

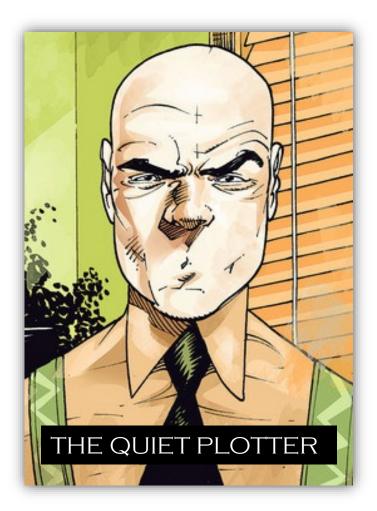
Practices passive-aggressive insubordination.

MODUS OPERANDI:

Remains quiet at meetings, later undermines bosses and decisions.

LEVEL:

First Degree Nuisance





Prevention strategies

- Meet with "naysayers" and get their opinions one-onone...let them vent.
- Meet with those who are quiet and build support
- Have a contingency plan for unplanned detours
- Off Broadway build support among the majority in bits and pieces





Set Project Deadlines

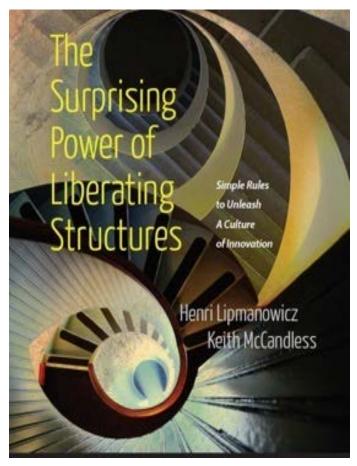


Build individual task lists

- Milestones
- Assignments
- Measures
- Accountability
- Final outcomes



Facilitation Strategies



http://www.liberatingstructures.com/

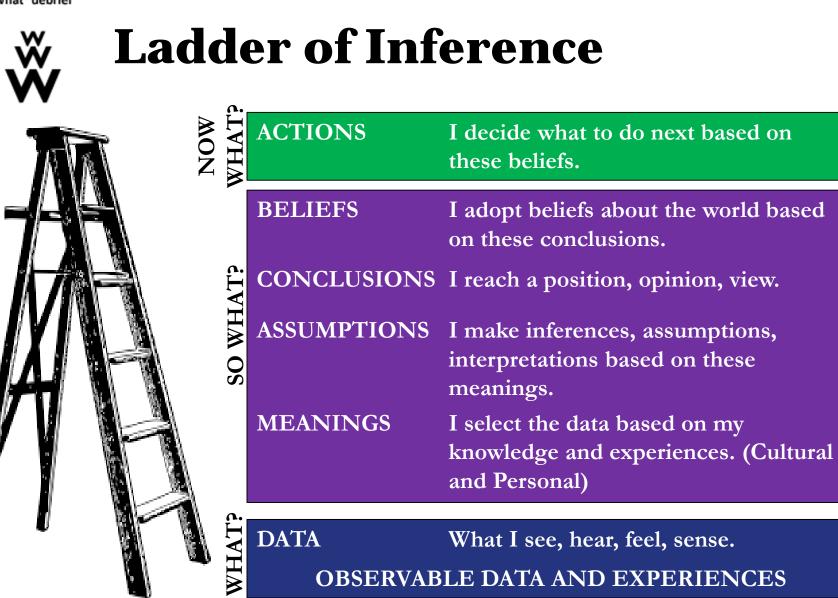
LS Menu	Wicked questions	What ³ debrief	Min specs	Heard, seen respected	What I need from you	Integrated autonomy
Design elements	Appreciative interviews	Discovery and action dialog	Improv prototyping	Drawing together	Open space	Critical uncertainties
SF ST	P	Agg	F	A		
1-2-4-All	TRIZ	Shift & share	Helping heuristics	Design storyboards	Generative relationships	Ecocycle
7°1 • 1	2	00 -0	CE)	(0) #÷ *()*	R	00
Impromptu networking	15% solutions	25 : 10 crowdsourcing	Conversation café	Celebrity interview	Agree/certainty matrix	Panarchy
쩍	15%	25/10	۵			ଚ
9-whys	Troika consulting	Wise crowds	User experience	Social network webbing	Simple ethnography	Purpose to practice
(9) whys	×		fishbowl	*** **** *-*		0





- Discover what is truly important for the group members
- Lay the groundwork for the design that will be employed
- Ignite organizational momentum through the stories that emerge
- Generating a small number of clear answers can help you move forward together with more velocity







Weight Purposes

- Build shared understanding of how people develop different perspectives, ideas, and rationales for actions and decisions
- Avoid repeating the same mistakes or dysfunctions over and over
- Avoid arguments about actions based on lack of clarity about facts or their interpretation
- Eliminate the tendency to jump prematurely to action, leaving people behind
- Honor the history and the novelty of what is unfolding
- Build trust and reduce fear by learning together at each step of a shared experience
- Make sense of complex challenges in a way that unleashes action









You don't have to be the facilitator to help move a meeting forward.



- The Art of Asking Powerful Questions
 - Generate constructive energy by starting on a positive note.
 - Reveal the path for achieving success for an entire group simultaneously
 - By expecting positive behaviors, you can bring them forth (Pygmalion effect)
 - Spark peer-to-peer learning, mutual respect, and community building.
 - Give permission to explore complex or messy challenges





Additional Resources



http://www.greatmeetingsinc.com/default.aspx



Additional Resources



Asset Mapping Collaboration Leadership Succession Planning Learning, Thinking, Working Styles Strategic Planning ... and more!



Follow-up



- Debrief, and determine what went well and what could have been done better
- Evaluate the meeting's effectiveness based on how well you met the objective
- Get the participants' feedback
- Issue meeting minutes with decisions made, follow-up items and who is responsible and by when, and next meeting information (if necessary)









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Tips and Tricks of the (Facilitation) Trade



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